

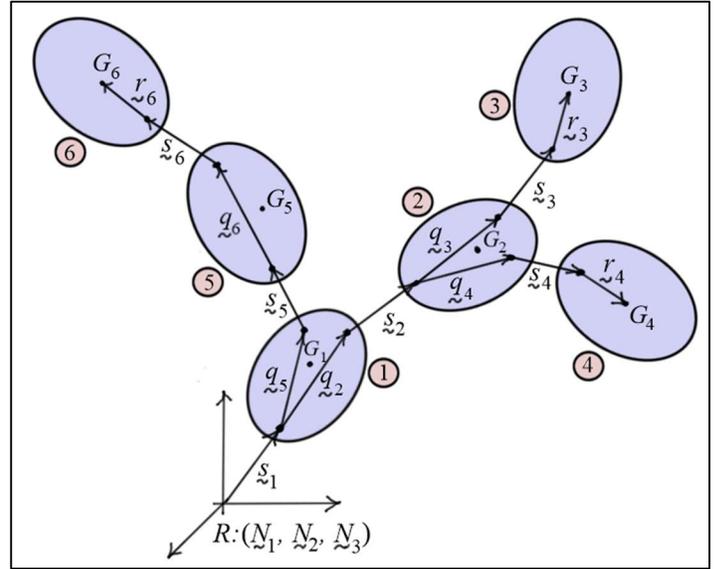
Multibody Dynamics

Equations of Motion for an Unconstrained Multibody – Example

The results below all apply to the *six-body* system shown. The *orientations* of the bodies relative to the *inertial system* are described using *Euler parameters*, and the *translation* of the bodies *relative* to their *lower-numbered body* are defined by components of the vectors \underline{s}_K ($K=1, \dots, 6$) in the reference frame $\mathcal{L}(K)$.

The *angular velocities* of the bodies are all measured *relative* to the *inertial frame* and their components are resolved in the body frames.

In total, there are 42 first-order, kinematical differential equations and 36 first-order, dynamical differential equations.



Body Connection Array

Using the numbering of the bodies shown on the diagram, the body connection array (or lower-numbered body array) can be written as follows.

$$\mathcal{L}(K) = (0, 1, 2, 2, 1, 5)$$

Recall that *zero* represents the inertial frame. The array u_K ($K=1, \dots, 6$) giving the number of lower bodies of each body in the system

$$(u_K) = (0, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2)$$

Recall that for each body, u_K is that integer such that $\mathcal{L}^{u_K}(K) = 1$. In other words, it is the number of steps down from body K to reach the system's reference body (body 1).

System State Vectors

$$\{\varepsilon\}_{24 \times 1} = [\varepsilon_{11}, \varepsilon_{12}, \varepsilon_{13}, \varepsilon_{14}, \dots, \varepsilon_{61}, \varepsilon_{62}, \varepsilon_{63}, \varepsilon_{64}]^T \quad \{s'\}_{18 \times 1} = [s'_{11}, s'_{12}, s'_{13}, \dots, s'_{61}, s'_{62}, s'_{63}]^T$$

$$\{\omega'\}_{18 \times 1} = [\omega'_{11}, \omega'_{12}, \omega'_{13}, \dots, \omega'_{61}, \omega'_{62}, \omega'_{63}]^T$$

$$\{x\}_{42 \times 1} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} \{x_1\} \\ \{x_2\} \end{matrix} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} \{\varepsilon\} \\ \{s'\} \end{matrix} \right\}$$

$$\{y\}_{36 \times 1} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} \{y_1\} \\ \{y_2\} \end{matrix} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{matrix} \{\omega'\} \\ \{\dot{s}'\} \end{matrix} \right\}$$

System Partial Angular Velocity Matrices

$$\begin{aligned}
 [\omega'_{1,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} &= \begin{bmatrix} [I]_1, [0]_2, \dots, [0]_6 \end{bmatrix} & [\omega'_{1,y_2}]_{3 \times 18} &= [0]_{3 \times 18} \\
 [\omega'_{2,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} &= \begin{bmatrix} [0]_1, [I]_2, [0]_3, \dots, [0]_6 \end{bmatrix} & [\omega'_{2,y_2}]_{3 \times 18} &= [0]_{3 \times 18} \\
 [\omega'_{3,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} &= \begin{bmatrix} [0]_1, [0]_2, [I]_3, [0]_4, \dots, [0]_6 \end{bmatrix} & [\omega'_{3,y_2}]_{3 \times 18} &= [0]_{3 \times 18} \\
 \vdots & & \vdots & \\
 [\omega'_{6,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} &= \begin{bmatrix} [0]_1, [0]_2, \dots, [I]_6 \end{bmatrix} & [\omega'_{6,y_2}]_{3 \times 18} &= [0]_{3 \times 18}
 \end{aligned}$$

Here, $[I]$ represents the 3×3 **identity matrix**, and $[0]$ represents a 3×3 **zero matrix**.

Position Vectors of the Mass Centers of the Bodies

$$\begin{aligned}
 \{p_1\} &= \{s'_1\} + [R_1]^T \{r'_1\} \\
 \{p_2\} &= \{s'_1\} + [R_1]^T \{q'_2 + s'_2\} + [R_2]^T \{r'_2\} \\
 \{p_3\} &= \{s'_1\} + [R_1]^T \{q'_2 + s'_2\} + [R_2]^T \{q'_3 + s'_3\} + [R_3]^T \{r'_3\} \\
 \{p_4\} &= \{s'_1\} + [R_1]^T \{q'_2 + s'_2\} + [R_2]^T \{q'_4 + s'_4\} + [R_4]^T \{r'_4\} \\
 \{p_5\} &= \{s'_1\} + [R_1]^T \{q'_5 + s'_5\} + [R_5]^T \{r'_5\} \\
 \{p_6\} &= \{s'_1\} + [R_1]^T \{q'_5 + s'_5\} + [R_5]^T \{q'_6 + s'_6\} + [R_6]^T \{r'_6\}
 \end{aligned}$$

Velocity Vectors of the Mass Centers of the Bodies

$$\begin{aligned}
 \{v_1\} &= \{\dot{s}'_1\} - [R_1]^T [\tilde{r}'_1] [\omega'_{1,y}] \{y\} \\
 \{v_2\} &= \{\dot{s}'_1\} + [R_1]^T \{\dot{s}'_2\} - [R_1]^T [\tilde{q}'_2 + \tilde{s}'_2] [\omega'_{1,y}] \{y\} - [R_2]^T [\tilde{r}'_2] [\omega'_{2,y}] \{y\} \\
 \{v_3\} &= \{\dot{s}'_1\} + [R_1]^T \{\dot{s}'_2\} + [R_2]^T \{\dot{s}'_3\} - \\
 &\quad [R_1]^T [\tilde{q}'_2 + \tilde{s}'_2] [\omega'_{1,y}] \{y\} - [R_2]^T [\tilde{q}'_3 + \tilde{s}'_3] [\omega'_{2,y}] \{y\} - [R_3]^T [\tilde{r}'_3] [\omega'_{3,y}] \{y\} \\
 \{v_4\} &= \{\dot{s}'_1\} + [R_1]^T \{\dot{s}'_2\} + [R_2]^T \{\dot{s}'_4\} - \\
 &\quad [R_1]^T [\tilde{q}'_2 + \tilde{s}'_2] [\omega'_{1,y}] \{y\} - [R_2]^T [\tilde{q}'_4 + \tilde{s}'_4] [\omega'_{2,y}] \{y\} - [R_4]^T [\tilde{r}'_4] [\omega'_{4,y}] \{y\} \\
 \{v_5\} &= \{\dot{s}'_1\} + [R_1]^T \{\dot{s}'_5\} - [R_1]^T [\tilde{q}'_5 + \tilde{s}'_5] [\omega'_{1,y}] \{y\} - [R_5]^T [\tilde{r}'_5] [\omega'_{5,y}] \{y\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\{v_6\} = \{\dot{s}'_1\} + [R_1]^T \{\dot{s}'_5\} + [R_5]^T \{\dot{s}'_6\} - \\ [R_1]^T [\tilde{q}'_5 + \tilde{s}'_5] [\omega'_{1,y}] \{y\} - [R_5]^T [\tilde{q}'_6 + \tilde{s}'_6] [\omega'_{5,y}] \{y\} - [R_6]^T [\tilde{r}'_6] [\omega'_{6,y}] \{y\}$$

System Partial Velocity Matrices

$$[v_{1,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} = \left[-[R_1]^T [\tilde{r}'_1], [0], [0], [0], [0], [0] \right]$$

$$[v_{2,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} = \left[-[R_1]^T [\tilde{q}'_2 + \tilde{s}'_2], -[R_2]^T [\tilde{r}'_2], [0], [0], [0], [0] \right]$$

$$[v_{3,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} = \left[-[R_1]^T [\tilde{q}'_2 + \tilde{s}'_2], -[R_2]^T [\tilde{q}'_3 + \tilde{s}'_3], -[R_3]^T [\tilde{r}'_3], [0], [0], [0] \right]$$

$$[v_{4,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} = \left[-[R_1]^T [\tilde{q}'_2 + \tilde{s}'_2], -[R_2]^T [\tilde{q}'_4 + \tilde{s}'_4], [0], -[R_4]^T [\tilde{r}'_4], [0], [0] \right]$$

$$[v_{5,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} = \left[-[R_1]^T [\tilde{q}'_5 + \tilde{s}'_5], [0], [0], [0], -[R_5]^T [\tilde{r}'_5], [0] \right]$$

$$[v_{6,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} = \left[-[R_1]^T [\tilde{q}'_5 + \tilde{s}'_5], [0], [0], [0], -[R_5]^T [\tilde{q}'_6 + \tilde{s}'_6], -[R_6]^T [\tilde{r}'_6] \right]$$

$$[v_{1,y_2}]_{3 \times 18} = [I], [0], [0], [0], [0], [0]$$

$$[v_{2,y_2}]_{3 \times 18} = [I], [R_1]^T, [0], [0], [0], [0]$$

$$[v_{3,y_2}]_{3 \times 18} = [I], [R_1]^T, [R_2]^T, [0], [0], [0]$$

$$[v_{4,y_2}]_{3 \times 18} = [I], [R_1]^T, [0], [R_2]^T, [0], [0]$$

$$[v_{5,y_2}]_{3 \times 18} = [I], [0], [0], [0], [R_1]^T, [0]$$

$$[v_{6,y_2}]_{3 \times 18} = [I], [0], [0], [0], [R_1]^T, [R_5]^T$$

Time Derivatives of the Partial Angular Velocity Matrices

$$[\dot{\omega}'_{K,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} = [0]_{3 \times 18} \quad [\dot{\omega}'_{K,y_2}]_{3 \times 18} = [0]_{3 \times 18} \quad K = 1, \dots, 6$$

Time Derivatives of the Partial Velocity Matrices

$$[\dot{v}_{1,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} = \left[-[R_1]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_1] [\tilde{r}'_1], [0], [0], [0], [0], [0] \right]$$

$$[\dot{v}_{2,y_1}]_{3 \times 18} = \left[\left(-[R_1]^T [\dot{\tilde{s}}'_2] - [R_1]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_1] [\tilde{q}'_2 + \tilde{s}'_2] \right), -[R_2]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_2] [\tilde{r}'_2], [0], [0], [0], [0] \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\left[\dot{v}_{3,y_1} \right]_{3 \times 18} &= \left[\left(-[R_1]^T [\dot{s}'_2] - [R_1]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_1] [\tilde{q}'_2 + \tilde{s}'_2] \right), \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left(-[R_2]^T [\dot{s}'_3] - [R_2]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_2] [\tilde{q}'_3 + \tilde{s}'_3] \right), -[R_3]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_3] [\tilde{r}'_3], [0], [0], [0] \right] \\
\left[\dot{v}_{4,y_1} \right]_{3 \times 18} &= \left[\left(-[R_1]^T [\dot{s}'_2] - [R_1]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_1] [\tilde{q}'_2 + \tilde{s}'_2] \right), \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left(-[R_2]^T [\dot{s}'_4] - [R_2]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_2] [\tilde{q}'_4 + \tilde{s}'_4] \right), [0], -[R_4]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_4] [\tilde{r}'_4], [0], [0] \right] \\
\left[\dot{v}_{5,y_1} \right]_{3 \times 18} &= \left[\left(-[R_1]^T [\dot{s}'_5] - [R_1]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_1] [\tilde{q}'_5 + \tilde{s}'_5] \right), [0], [0], [0], -[R_5]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_5] [\tilde{r}'_5], [0] \right] \\
\left[\dot{v}_{6,y_1} \right]_{3 \times 18} &= \left[\left(-[R_1]^T [\dot{s}'_5] - [R_1]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_1] [\tilde{q}'_5 + \tilde{s}'_5] \right), [0], [0], [0], \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left(-[R_5]^T [\dot{s}'_6] - [R_5]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_5] [\tilde{q}'_6 + \tilde{s}'_6] \right), -[R_6]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_6] [\tilde{r}'_6] \right]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\left[\dot{v}_{1,y_2} \right]_{3 \times 18} &= [0], [0], [0], [0], [0], [0] \\
\left[\dot{v}_{2,y_2} \right]_{3 \times 18} &= [0], [R_1]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_1], [0], [0], [0], [0] \\
\left[\dot{v}_{3,y_2} \right]_{3 \times 18} &= [0], [R_1]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_1], [R_2]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_2], [0], [0], [0] \\
\left[\dot{v}_{4,y_2} \right]_{3 \times 18} &= [0], [R_1]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_1], [0], [R_2]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_2], [0], [0] \\
\left[\dot{v}_{5,y_2} \right]_{3 \times 18} &= [0], [0], [0], [0], [R_1]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_1], [0] \\
\left[\dot{v}_{6,y_2} \right]_{3 \times 18} &= [0], [0], [0], [0], [R_1]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_1], [R_5]^T [\tilde{\omega}'_5]
\end{aligned}$$

Equations of Motion

Given the partial velocity and partial angular velocity matrices above, the dynamical equations of motion can be written as

$$\boxed{[A]\{\dot{y}\} = \{f\}} \quad ([A] \text{ is the generalized mass matrix})$$

Here,

$$\boxed{
\begin{aligned}
[A] &= \sum_{K=1}^6 \left(m_K [v_{K,y}]^T [v_{K,y}] + [\omega'_{K,y}]^T [I'_K] [\omega'_{K,y}] \right) \\
\{f\} &= \sum_{K=1}^6 [v_{K,y}]^T \left(\{F_K\} - m_K [\dot{v}_{K,y}] \{y\} \right) + \\
&\quad \sum_{K=1}^6 [\omega'_{K,y}]^T \left(\{M'_K\} - [\tilde{\omega}'_K] [I'_K] \{\omega'_K\} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

The above equations represent 36 dynamical differential equations that must be supplemented with 42 kinematical differential equations.